13 days Cairo, Nile Cruise, Fayoum, and Baharyia Oasis Tour package

Price Starting From: \$0

13 days

Egypt ,Cairo, Luxor, Aswan, Fayoum, and Baharyia

Egypt

Egypt

Cairo, Luxor, Aswan, Fayoum, and Baharyia

With us on our Egypt Tours, you will have the chance to visit different places, such as a Nile Cruise, Fayoum, or Bahariya Oasis. All these places are worth visiting due to their amazing views of the surrounding area. This is an intense 13-day itinerary that includes all of these highlights.

You will explore the historical sites that exist in Cairo and the borderless indoor memorials and tombs in Luxor, where the tomb of the ancient kings exists. Your journey will also include the Aswan highlights, the Ujazdowy Disposal Nile Cruise, and Bahariya Oasis in order to see amazing white and black deserts, still in Fayoum, where the waterfalls of Wadi El-Rayan and ancient remains of Wadi El Hitan lie.

Overview Inclusion

- 6 nights at Cairo Pyramids Hotel.
- 4 nights on the Blue Shadow Nile Cruise (or similar), all-inclusive.
- 1 night in Fayoum (includes lunch and dinner).
- 1 night in Bahariya Oasis (includes breakfast and lunch).
- All transport to/from hotels and sites via air-conditioned vehicle.
- Entrance tickets to all specified sites.
- Taxes included in the price.
- Domestic flight tickets.

Exclusion

- International flight tickets.
- Visa for Egypt.
- Any additional site visits.
- Personal expenses.

Itinerary

Day 1: arrival day.

Our experienced Egypt Tours leader will meet you at Cairo International Airport and transfer you to your hotel in Cairo in a private air-conditioned vehicle to prepare for your journey the following day.

Day meals: welcome drink, lunch.

Day 2: pyramids tour

The following day you board your breakfast early in the morning and transfer to.

The Giza Pyramids:

Rising to over three hundred and seventy-six feet, it is no wonder the pyramid has made it in the list of the seven wonders of the world; each side of the pyramid measuring two hundred and thirty-one meters and each brick weighing two points five tons, while the weight of the whole pyramid is six million tons. They are located in the northwestern part of the Nile in Egypt, more specifically in Giza.

Memphis:

The ancient city whose outlines are still visible today in Memphis was established by eminent King Mina_ in Memphis. The importance of this historical ruin cannot be understated, as Egypt's capital during the Old Kingdom civilization was located here for approximately three Millenia and served as the hub of administration and culture. Even though few remnants have survived in the city, they include the magnificent figure of Ramses the Great and the alabaster Sphinx.

Saqqara:

In this place, you also have the opportunity to visit the unique step pyramid built for the Pharaoh Djoser. This is the most ancient large-scale stone structure in the world, which belongs to the Third dynasty.

then you will be taken back again to your hotel for the overnight.

Day meals: breakfast, lunch.

Day 3: Cairo attraction tour

On the third day of the holiday package of 13 Days Cairo, Nile Cruise, Fayoum, and Baharyia Oasis, the guests should have their breakfast and already start the visits.

The Egyptian Museum:

Among the numerous ancient historical artifacts, the Egyptian Museum holds the unique position of being the oldest archeological museum in the entire Middle East. The museum contains an extensive and rich collection of artifacts ranging from the pre-dynasty to the Greco-Roman era.

Saladin Citadel:

Salah al-Din Castle is situated within the area usually referred to as the Citadel of the Caliph's Dept. This castle lies on one of the hills that are cut off from Mount Mokattam on the outer side of Cairo. This castle, popularly referred to as the Citadel of Salah al-Din, or the mountain citadel as it is colloquially known, is one of the famous historical sites in 'Islamic Cairo,' for there is no other such citadel built in the country. Modern, which contributed a lot to it being one of the most visited places in Cairo.

Khan El Khalili Bazar:

But this is a huge leap as far back into history as we can make because this is what the most renowned Arab historian (Al-Maqrizi) writes: a khan is a multi-story squarish edifice built around a courtyard and looks like an agency; the ground floor houses shops, space the upper floors, and housed warehouses and living quarters, respectively. He was in charge of all retail business during Sultan Barquq's reign in 1400.

Day meals: breakfast, lunch. overnight

Day 4: east bank of luxor

Rise and shine, enjoy a hearty breakfast, then head to the airport to catch a flight to Luxor and do the check-in for the Nile cruise and tour.

Karnak temple:

Karnak Temple is one of the greatest temple complexes that contains many temples dating from mmii and has a number of temples that have been built since the 11th Dynasty circa 2134 B.C. All the temples that makeup Karnak are encircled by mud brick walls connected with hallways flanked by rows of statues of Sphinxes known as the ram-headed Sphinxes.

Luxor temple:

Luxor Temple A vast group of temples from ancient Egypt were constructed on the east banks of the Nile River in the present-day city of Luxor (old Thebes). Dating back to 1400 years before Christ. The temple of Luxor was dedicated to God Amun-Rere, who had a wife called Mut with their son known as Khonsu, who were all Theban gods (The Thebes Trinity).

Then transfer back once again to your Nile cruise.

Day meals: all meals included

Day 5: west bank of Luxor

On the morning of the fifth day of the thirteen-day package in Cairo, the Nile River cruise, Faiyum, and Baharya oasis.

Valley of the Kings:

Many of those who visit Egypt have heard of 'The Valley of the Kings.' This valley was previously referred to as The Great Royal Cemetery for Millions of Years, which lay to the western borders of Thebes.

Hatshepsut temple:

At the same time, the Temple of Hatshepsut is distinguished by the fact that we find on its walls inscriptions of naval missions sent by Queen Hatshepsut to the country of Punt in order to trade for and retrieve incense and myrrh from that country. Incense was given to the gods by pharaohs in order to please them, which most of the Egyptian pharaohs painted on their temples, showing them presenting gifts and incense to different gods.

Colossi of Mennon:

The statue of Memnon belongs to King Amenhotep III, as it was erected under the supervision of the famous architect Amenhotep Ibn Habu, and there existed in earlier times a seminary temple of Amenhotep III, which

has survived only the two statues of approximately 21.90 meters high, which have remained iconic to most of the tourists in the region. over leaders.

When your tour is done, transfer back to your Nile cruise.

Day meals: all-inclusive

Day 6: Edfu and Kom Ombo

On the sixth day of your itinerary, you will also be cruised to Edfu, then after your free time for breakfast.

The temple of Edfu:

Edfu in the ancient Egyptian language of the Pharaohs was known as Edbo (old) or Debo, which is translated as the town of incursion. Some Copts say that Edfu as a name is about the Coptic word Etbu. Under the reign of the Ptolemies, they referred to it as Apollopolis Magnus, 'the city of Apollo,'.

The Nubian Temple of Kom Ombo:

This temple was constructed during the reign of Ptolemy VI Philometor, yet its adornment was completed in the days of Tiberius Caesar, who was the Emperor of Rome at that time. Local despotism on the site is present.

Then come back once more to your previous position after completing the Nile cruise.

Day meals: all based on a package.

Day 7: Aswan day tour

On Day 7 of your 13 Days in Cairo with a Nile cruise and final trip to the Fayoum and Baharyia Oasis package, after having your breakfast, you will be escorted to the following place.

High Dam:

Egypt has been protected from droughts and famine as a result of the construction of the High Dam, which regulated excess inflows of the country's primary source of income in the mid-1970s to around the mid-1980s, where a total of fifty or seventy billion cubic meters were pumped from the High Dam Lake to cover the shortfall from the natural flow of the Nile River.

Abu Simbel Temple:

An obelisk made of pink granite in Aswan, Egypt. It is situated in the northern area of a quarry of sorts located in Aswan to the east of the Nile and about a kilometer due east of the River Nile.

Philae temple:

The Greeks referred to the island as Philae, meaning Beloved, and in Arabic, it was referred to as Anas al-Wujood, associated with the stories of Anas al-Wujood found in the collections of famous folktales called One Thousand and One Nights. The Coptic and Ancient Egyptian version of the name is "Billak," derived from a word meaning a limit or what is furthest because it was the southernmost region of Egypt.

Then transfer back again to your Nile cruise.

Day meals: all-inclusive

Day 8: sail to Abu Simbel

After a palate-pleasing breakfast, carry on to the next phase of the tour package and begin the boat ride to Abu Simbel.

Abu Simbel:

Located in the Aswan Governorate, Abu Simbel Temple is one of the renowned archaeological temples in Egypt. The importance of the Great Temple of Ramses II (Abu Simbel Temple) is directed to the twice-a-year sun beams falling directly on the head of the Pharaoh Ramses II sculpted at the Temple. The phenomenon consists of such an event occurring on the 22nd of October and on the 22nd of February of each year.

Finally, come back to your Nile cruise, pack your luggage, and fly to Cairo.

Go overnight in a hotel in Cairo.

Included meals: breakfast.

Day 9: free tour (optional tours)

Spend a day in Cairo at leisure to take a stroll with the residents of the city, leaving space for some free time. Or, your tour leader can provide you with an optional tour enhancing your experience.

Day meals: breakfast.

Day 10: Travel to Fayoum

Start your day with breakfast before traveling to Fayoum.

Wadi El Hitan:

Around 40 million years ago, Wadi El Rayan was submerged beneath a vast ocean. Due to geological changes, this ocean receded, leaving behind numerous marine creatures, including whales. Many fossilized bones of early whale species have been discovered here, along with various shells and sharks.

After your visit, enjoy lunch in Tunis Village.

You will then have your overnight stay.

Day meals: breakfast, lunch, dinner.

Day 11: last day at Fayoum

Have a hearty breakfast before making the trip to your first destination.

Lake Qarou:

Located in the middle of the Western Desert, this round freshwater lake is artificially connected to the river Nile through an ancient watercourse known as 'Bahr Yusuf,' which was constructed by King Amenemhat II in the 19th century BC. This water channel takes flood water into Lake Qarn from Dayrit, which is located in

Assiut Cairo Governorate, and flows Minya, Beni Suef, causing delays before dumping in the lake.

Wadi El Rayan:

Wadi El Rayan has a very unique balanced desert ecosystem including, among other things, sand hills, waterfalls, healthy vegetation, and rich animal life, as well as interesting marine fossils. Following your visits, you will head back to Cairo for your overnight accommodation. Daily meals: breakfast, lunch.

Day 12: Baharyia Oasis

Have your first meal of the day as early as possible as you head for Bahariya Oasis to visit the White Desert.

White Desert is found 45 km to the north of the Farafra Oasis, which lies in the New Valley District lying southwest of Cairo. The area is mostly white, which explains the name given to it. Covering a total of 3,010 square kilometers, which is quite expansive, this region was established as a protected area in 2002. This protected area is sometimes referred to by the Ministry of State for Environmental Affairs to study the various aspects of the desert, its geological features and remains, including fossils and even living animals, and includes many objects from early civilization that existed in this region.

Then, you will proceed to visit the Black Desert, which is characterized by black volcanic mountains that contain volcanic material called jasper, which was emitted from the mountains in previous eruptions. The Black Desert contains a notable elevation, which is called the English Mountain.

After the activities for the day, you will be assisted to return to Cairo, where you will check in at your hotel that night.

Meals of the day: breakfast, lunch.

Day 13: end of service

After enjoying your breakfast, you'll be transferred to Cairo International Airport to catch your flight, marking the end of our services.

Day meals: breakfast.