

Nile Cruise Trip Package 5 Days from Sharm El Sheikh

Price Starting From : \$600

5 Days / 4 Nights

Egypt

Sharm El Sheikh

Nile Cruise from Sharm El Sheikh

The Giant Nile Cruise itinerary includes four nights from Luxor to picturesque Aswan and three nights from Aswan to Luxor. The first day in Luxor begins with a visit to the monuments of the Eastern Mainland, including the Luxor Temple and Karnak ruins. In addition, there is a tour of the tourist market in Luxor and a tour by Hanator carts to enjoy seeing the streets of Luxor and the Nile Corniche.

On the second day, visit the archaeological sites on the Western Mainland, such as the Temple of Ramsium, the Statues of Memnon, the Deir el-Bahri Temple, and the tombs of the Valley of the Kings and Queens. One of the distinctive rituals of the Cruise is the evening celebrations such as the Jalbia Party or the tanoura Show.

The Nile cruise then sails to visit Kom Ombo Temple and Edfu Temple, where recent archaeological excavations at the site of the temple have revealed architectural evidence indicating that the temple took 180 years to build, with interruptions in work, and was dedicated to the sun god 'Hor Bakhti', symbolized by the ancient Egyptians. Book with us for an amazing trip and a unique experience from Sharm El Sheikh.

[Overview](#)

Inclusion

- All fees and taxes
- Glasses water during your Tours
- Shopping excursions in Luxor and Aswan
- Pick up services from your hotel & return.
- A professional guide who speaks fluent English
- All sightseeing entrance costs are listed in the itinerary above.
- Domestic flight tickets from Sharm to Luxor and Aswan to Sharm are included.
- Your accommodation for 4 nights aboard a 5* cruise ship on a full board basis.
- Cairo Top Tours provides all transportation in a private, air-conditioned car.

Exclusion

- Tipping
- Any additions
- Self-expenditures
- Prices apply for Egypt Easter trips and Egypt Christmas and New Year excursions.

[Itinerary](#)

Day 1: East Bank Tours from Sharm El Sheikh to Luxor

Our representative will be waiting for you in the hotel lobby to transfer you to Sharm El Sheikh International Airport. Upon arrival in Luxor, our representative and driver will welcome you and transfer you to the cruise for check-in and lunch. After that, you will visit Karnak Temple.

Karnak Temple is the largest house of worship in the history of mankind, according to El Tayeb Gharib, the director of Karnak Temples, which was built on the Nile Corniche in Luxor, and was named 'Karnak Temples' because it includes 11 temples inside it, not one temple as rumoured, and its name in the ancient Egyptian civilization was Amun-Ra Sigem Nath, as it was built as a house of worship for the Holy Trinity of Thebes.

On this day, you will also visit the Luxor Temple, which has its entrance from the heart of the Sidi Abu al-Hajjaj Square in Luxor. The most important statues in Luxor Temple are the quartzite statue of Amenhotep III, considered one of the masterpieces of ancient Egyptian sculpture, as well as statues of King Hor Mahab and the god Amun from the reign of King Hor Mahab, and others of King Ramses II and King Thutmose III.

After that, you will unwind aboard your boat and enjoy a free evening until the boat's restaurant serves your delectable dinner.

Meals: Lunch, Dinner

Day 2: Luxor West Bank Tours

After breakfast on the Nile, you will begin your travels to visit the Valley of the Kings. This burial site was carefully chosen for the kings, as it is located on the west bank of the Nile, in the belief that the sun god descended (died) on the western horizon to be reborn and rejuvenated on the eastern horizon, and for this reason, the west was associated with funerary concepts and most ancient Egyptian tombs were generally located on the west bank of the Nile for this reason.

The site of the Bahari Monastery was sacred because it was associated with the goddess Hathor, who patronized the kings of Egypt, foremost among them the god Horus, the first and mythical ruler of Egypt, and it was believed that the personification of this goddess in the same hills whose shadow falls on the temple of Hatshepsut.

The two statues were in front of the entrance to an ancient funerary temple in memory of King Amenhotep III of the 18th Dynasty, who ruled between 1417 and 1379 BC.

All that remains of the funerary temple are the two giant statues, up to 20 meters high, as the temple was used as a quarry from which stones were removed during the 19th Dynasty.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner

Day 3: Temples of Edfu and Kom Ombo

After your breakfast, you will be transferred by motorboat to Kom Ombo, the legendary King Amboa, which is called the city of Kom Omboa today, and the name of the city consists of two syllables, the first syllable is Kom and is known to mean what rises on the ground from the flat and the second syllable Amboa, which is the name of the king or ruler of the valley at that time, and Amboa is a governor of one of the governors of the pharaohs.

He has a famous story written on the walls of the Kom Amboa temple, the only temple in that city, which dates back to the era of the Pharaonic dynasty at that time, and the story of Governor Amboa is that he had an only son who had no one else and was blessed one day by a priest who told him a prophecy about his son that he would die in his youth, and the boy grew up with his father.

Then you will visit Edfu. Edfu was made under the protection of the falcon god Horus, king of the city that was also called Hadeeth. Researchers have realized that this god originated in this region and was equated with Apollo by the Ptolemies who ruled Egypt after Alexander.

Excavations have revealed the remains of a wall that protected the city from raids at the dawn of its history. Edfu remained important for centuries as one of the most important cities in Upper Egypt and came into conflict with neighboring city-states such as Thebes and Koptos (Kaft) in the first transitional period after the collapse of the Old Kingdom. It retained its importance well into the New Kingdom.

Overnight at Aswan.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner

Day 4: tours in Aswan

You'll start by visiting the High Dam, the first water storage project in the Nile Basin, which employed 34,000 people and took 10 years to build (1960-1970) at a cost of about \$1bn. It is second only to the Suez Canal in terms of importance, and the International Commission on Dams and Major Corporations ranked it as one of the top projects of the 20th century.

The ancient Egyptians called these massive stone blocks 'tekino', which means 'penetrating the sky', and as many already know, ancient Egyptian obelisks were four-sided tapered rectangular columns with a pyramid at the top, these columns were placed on pedestals and were usually built to commemorate an individual or an event, or to honor the gods.

At the end of your tour, you will visit the Temple of Philae and the Temple of Isis, next to which is a temple dedicated to Hathor, built by Ptolemy IV Philomator, 180-145 BC, and Augustus, the first Emperor of Rome, 30 BC-14 AD. Trajan's palace 98-117 AD in front of the Temple of Philae still stands, although its roof is no longer extant, and the regular arrangement of its magnificent columns has attracted the attention of travelers.

Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner

Day 5: Disembarkation - Sharm El Sheik

You will be taken to Luxor Airport to catch your flight to Sharm El Sheikh following breakfast. Your driver will be ready to take you to your accommodation in Sharm El Sheikh after you have arrived safely.

We promise you a comfortable and safe trip with Cairo Top Tours.

Meals: Breakfast